H. B. 2861

(BY DELEGATE(S) PASDON, M. POLING, BARILL, MARSHALL, FRICH AND FLEISCHAUER)

> [Introduced March 7, 2013; referred to the Committee on Education then Finance.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §18-2-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to continued enrollment of at-risk student in public school while enrolled in an alternative program that meets certain conditions; making legislative findings on at-risk students, discouraged and defeated learners and purpose for authorizing continued enrollment; authorizing county superintendent to approve continued enrollment; providing conditions under which continued enrollment may be approved; and eliminating required annual report on cooperation with challenge academy.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §18-2-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

§18-2-6. Classification and standardization of schools; standards for degrees and diplomas; certificates of proficiency; establishment of alternative education programs.

1 (a) (1) The state board shall promulgate rules for the accreditation, classification and standardization of all schools in 2 3 the state, except institutions of higher education, and shall determine the minimum standards for the granting of diplomas 4 5 and certificates of proficiency by those schools. The certificates of proficiency shall include specific information regarding the 6 graduate's skills, competence and readiness for employment or 7 8 honors and advanced education and shall be granted, along with 9 the diploma, to every eligible high school graduate. The 10 certificate of proficiency shall include the program of study 11 major completed by the student only for those students who have 12 completed the required major courses, or higher level courses, 13 advanced placement courses, college courses or other more 14 rigorous substitutes related to the major, and the recommended 15 electives.

16 (2) An institution of less than collegiate or university status17 may not grant any diploma or certificate of proficiency on any

18 basis of work or merit below the minimum standards prescribed19 by the state board.

(3) A charter or other instrument containing the right to issue
diplomas or certificates of proficiency may not be granted by the
State of West Virginia to any institution or other associations or
organizations of less than collegiate or university status within
the state until the condition of granting or issuing the diplomas
or other certificates of proficiency has first been approved in
writing by the state board.

27 (b) The state board shall promulgate a rule for the approval 28 of alternative education programs for disruptive students who are 29 at risk of not succeeding in the traditional school structure. This 30 rule may provide for the waiver of other policies of the state 31 board, the establishment and delivery of a nontraditional 32 curriculum, the establishment of licensure requirements for 33 alternative education program teachers, and the establishment of 34 performance measures for school accreditation. This rule shall 35 provide uniform definitions of disruptive student behavior and 36 uniform standards for the placement of students in alternative 37 settings or providing other interventions including referrals to

H. B. No. 2861]

38 local juvenile courts to correct student behavior so that they can
39 return to a regular classroom without engaging in further
40 disruptive behavior.

41 (c) The state board shall establish up to five pilot projects at 42 the elementary or middle school levels, or both, that employ 43 alternative schools or other placements for disruptive students to 44 learn appropriate behaviors so they can return to the regular 45 classroom without further disrupting the learning environment. 46 The state board shall report to the Legislative Oversight 47 Commission on Education Accountability by December 1, 2010, 48 on its progress in establishing the pilot projects and by December 1 in each year after that for the duration of the pilot 49 50 projects on the effect of the projects on maintaining student 51 discipline.

(d) If a student attends an approved alternative education
program or the Mountaineer Challenge Academy, which is
designated as a special alternative education program pursuant
to section twenty-four, article one-b, chapter fifteen of this code,
and the student graduates or passes the General Equivalency
Development (GED) Tests within five years of beginning ninth

58 grade, that student shall be considered graduated for the 59 purposes of calculating the high school graduation rate used for 60 school accreditation and school system approval, subject to the 61 following:

(1) The student shall only be considered graduated to the
extent that this is not in conflict with any provision of federal
law relating to graduation rates;

(2) If the state board determines that this is in conflict with
a provision of federal law relating to graduation rates, the state
board shall request a waiver from the United States Department
of Education; and

(3) If the waiver is granted, notwithstanding the provisions
of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the student graduating or
passing the General Educational Development (GED) Tests
within five years shall be considered graduated.

(e) The state board shall promulgate a rule to support the
operation of the National Guard Youth Challenge Program
operated by the Adjutant General and known as the
"Mountaineer Challenge Academy" which is designated as a
special alternative education program pursuant to section

H. B. No. 2861]

twenty-four, article one-b, chapter fifteen of this code, for
students who are at risk of not succeeding in the traditional
school structure. The rule shall set forth policies and procedures
applicable only to the Mountaineer Challenge Academy that
provide for, but are not limited to, the following:

83 (1) Implementation of provisions set forth in section84 twenty-four, article one-b, chapter fifteen of this code;

(2) Precedence of the policies and procedures designated by
the National Guard Bureau for the operation of the Mountaineer
Challenge Academy special alternative education program;

(3) Consideration of a student participating in the
Mountaineer Challenge Academy special alternative education
program at full enrollment status in the referring county for the
purposes of funding and calculating attendance and graduation
rates, subject to the following:

93 (A) The student shall only be considered at full enrollment
94 status for the purposes of calculating attendance and graduation
95 rates to the extent that this is not in conflict with any provision
96 of federal law relating to attendance or graduation rates;

97 (B) If the state board determines that this is in conflict with98 a provision of federal law relating to attendance or graduation

99 rates, the state board shall request a waiver from the United100 States Department of Education;

101 (C) If the waiver is granted, notwithstanding the provisions 102 of paragraph (A) of this subdivision, the student shall be 103 considered at full enrollment status in the referring county for 104 the purposes of calculating attendance and graduation rates; and 105 (D) Consideration of the student at full enrollment status in 106 the referring county is for the purposes of funding and 107 calculating attendance and graduation rates only. For any other 108 purpose, a student participating in the academy is considered 109 withdrawn from the public school system;

(4) Articulation of the knowledge, skills and competencies
gained through alternative education so that students who return
to regular education may proceed toward attainment or attain the
standards for graduation without duplication; and

(5) Consideration of eligibility to take the General
Educational Development (GED) Tests by qualifying within the
extraordinary circumstances provisions established by state
board rule of a student participating in the Mountaineer
Challenge Academy special alternative education program who
does not meet any other criteria for eligibility.

H. B. No. 2861]

(f) Nothing in this section or the rules promulgated under this section compels the Mountaineer Challenge Academy to be operated as a special alternative education program or to be subject to any other laws governing the public schools except by its consent.

125 (g) The state board shall report to the Legislative Oversight 126 Commission on Education Accountability on or before January 127 1 of each year on its efforts to cooperate with and support the 128 Mountaineer Challenge Academy pursuant to this section and 129 section twenty-four, article one-b, chapter fifteen of this code. 130 (g) The Legislature finds that any child who is unlikely to 131 graduate on schedule with both the skills and self esteem 132 necessary to exercise meaningful options in the areas of work, 133 leisure, culture, civic affairs and personal relationships may be 134 defined as being an at-risk student. At-riskness often starts in the 135 early grades for a student that gradually falls further behind in 136 the essential skills of reading, writing and math, and may be 137 accompanied by patterns of behavior such as poor attendance, 138 inattentiveness, negative attitudes and classroom misbehavior that both are symptoms of and added catalysts for increasingly 139

140 defeated and discouraged learners. At least by the middle grades, 141 students with growing skill deficits usually know they are behind other students and have good reason to feel discouraged. A 142 143 growing lack of self confidence and self worth, limited optimism 144 for the future, avoidance of school and adults and a dimming 145 view of the relationship between effort and achievement are 146 among the characteristics of defeated and discouraged learners. 147 While the public schools can and are expected to address the 148 needs of all students, minimizing the likelihood that they will 149 become at-risk and giving additional attention to those that do, 150 the circumstances involved with a child becoming at-risk are 151 often complex and may include influences both within and 152 outside of the school environment. In fragile homes, a child who 153 is at-risk and is becoming a discouraged and defeated learner 154 often lacks adequate support and may develop peer relationships 155 that further exacerbate the difficulty of reengaging them in 156 learning, school and responsible social behavior.

157 <u>The Legislature further finds that when a student in the</u>
 158 <u>public schools is at-risk and is becoming a discouraged and</u>
 159 <u>defeated learner, the public schools should not be deterred from</u>

160	seeking and assisting with enrollment of the student in an
161	alternative program that helps remedy the student's
162	discouragement, lessen their skill deficits and facilitate their
163	return to public school successfully. For this purpose, subject to
164	approval of the county superintendent, a student enrolled in the
165	public schools of the county may continue to be enrolled while
166	also enrolled in an alternative program subject to the following
167	conditions:
168	(1) The student meets the general description of an at-risk
169	student and exhibits behaviors and characteristics associated
170	with a discouraged and defeated learner such as those described
171	in this subsection;
172	(2) The alternative program is a school subject to article
173	twenty-eight of this chapter, and complies with all requests of
174	the county superintendent for information on the educational
175	program and progress of the student;
176	(3) The alternative program includes a family involvement
177	component in its program, including participation in activities
178	that help address the challenging issues that have hindered the
179	student's engagement and progress in learning, and the

- 180 participation of the student and the student's parents or legal
- 181 guardian is required;
- 182 (4) The alternative program includes an on site boarding
- 183 option for students;
- 184 (5) The alternative program provides an individualized
- 185 education program for students designed to prepare them for a
- 186 successful transition back into the public schools; and
- 187 (6) The parents or legal guardian of the student make
- 188 application to the alternative program for enrollment of the
- 189 student, agree to the terms and conditions for enrollment, and the
- 190 student is enrolled.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to remove a deterrent to public schools to seeking and assisting the enrollment of a student, who is at-risk and is becoming a discouraged and defeated learner, in an alternative program designed to prepare them for a successful transition back into the public schools. The bill sets forth characteristics of a discouraged and defeated learner, and allows the county superintendent to approve the continued enrollment of these students in the public schools while they are enrolled in the alternative program. The alternative program must meet certain conditions outlined in the bill.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.